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# The *Pluralistic Evaluation Framework* for policy impact assessment, appraisal & evaluation

CECAN conference, 11 July 2018







## What goods do policies seek?

"...to make England's agriculture and forestry sectors more competitive, to improve the quality of life in rural areas and to diversify rural economies."

[Rural Development Plan for England Network on www.gov.uk]

"... to leave our environment in a better state than we found it..."

"...to help the natural world regain and retain good health... to
deliver cleaner air and water in our cities and rural landscapes,
protect threatened species and provide richer wildlife habitats"

[HM Government: 25 Year Environment Plan]



# Background: Ethics for Policy

- 1. "Right" & "Best" (Deontology / Consequentialism)
- 2. "Reason" & "Rationale" (Value-Monism vs. Pluralism)
- 3. The "special" & the "useful" (Intrinsic /Instrumental goods)
- Ecosystem Services: instrumental approach
- Monetised ES: value-monism approach
- Natural Capital → value monism approach?

Value-monism offers an objective criterion for decision-making. Seems objective, but at the expense of:

- democratic accountability (diversity of views)
- reflection of ultimate diversity in the world



# Making values explicit

GOOD

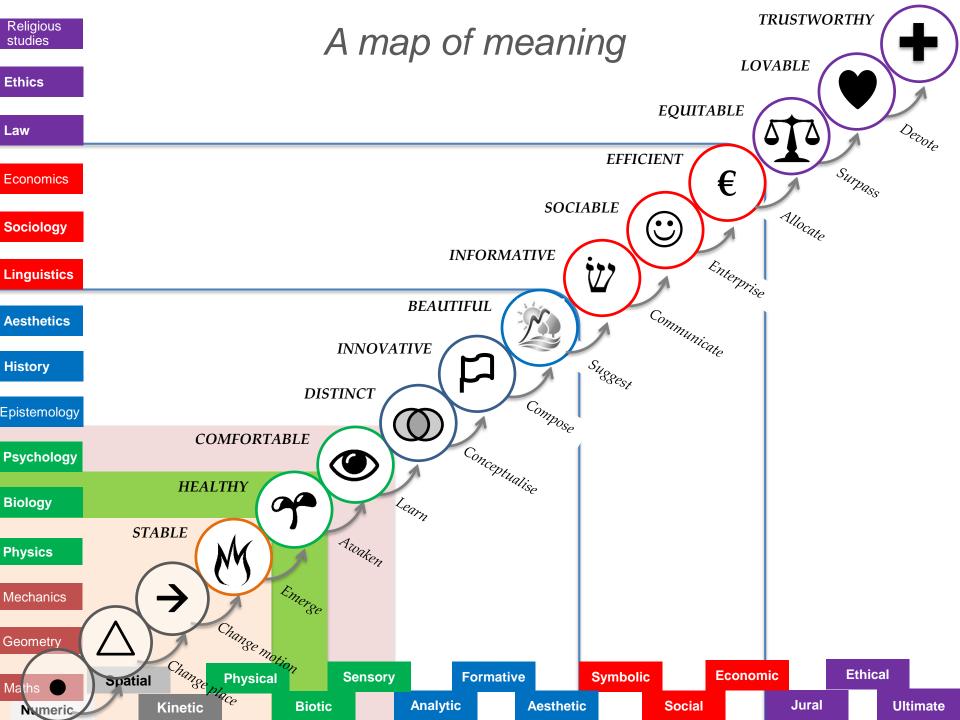
Improved
Enhanced
Desirable
Optimal

# A better environment is

- more...

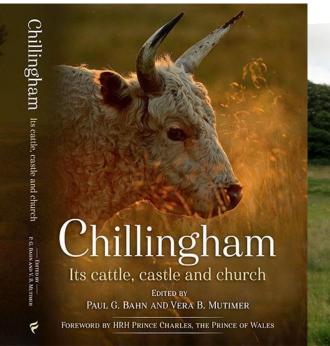
  \*\* Free?
- Beneficial to common good?
- X Just?
- Economically productive?
- X Socially stable?
- Beautiful?
- Conserving of heritage
- Comfortable?
- (Bio)diverse?
- Healthy?





# **Example: Valuing the Chillingham Wild Cattle**

- **Biotically** could be eaten; dangerous to approach
- Analytically distinctive: inbred yet surprisingly healthy
- **Formatively** historic; new herd established in Scotland in 1972
- Aesthetically beautiful; sublime; formerly hunted for sport
- Symbolically subject of books and scientific papers
- Socially a tourist attraction: "A Day Out of the Ordinary"
- **Economically** supported by tourism + CAP!
- Jurally considered wild animals
- **Ethically** loved as a herd rather than individuals





### **A Pluralistic Evaluation Framework**

#### 1. Goals

- objectives
- special constraints
- policy outline

#### 3. Appreciation

- stakeholder locations, numbers
- characteristic concerns
- voiceless stakeholders (e.g. wildlife; overseas populations)

#### 2. Systems

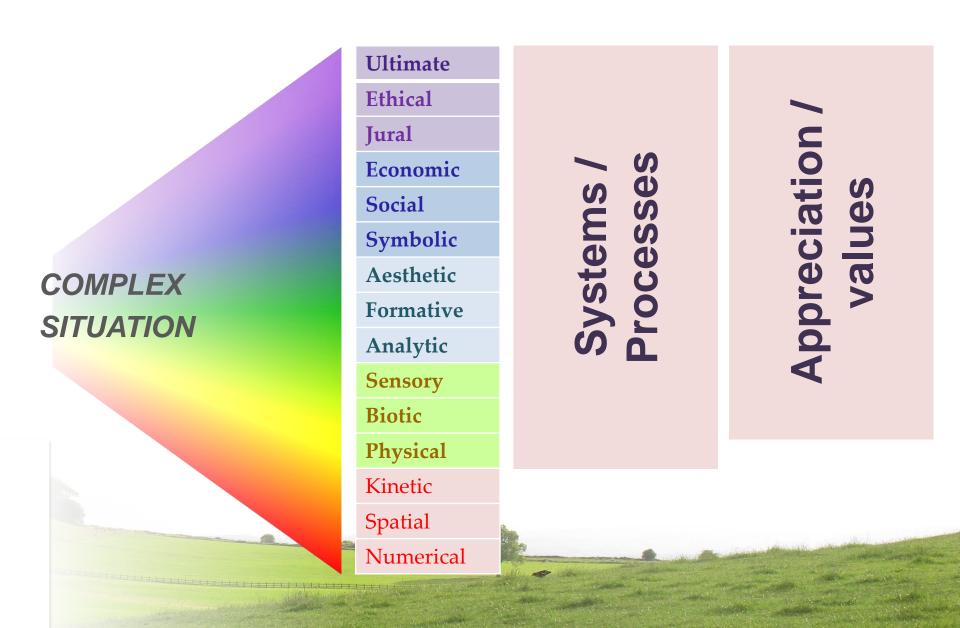
- processes affected
- under key scenarios

#### 4. Outcomes

- objectives and side-effects
- for each stakeholder class



## **Pluralistic Evaluation Framework**



## Pluralistic Evaluation Framework: 2 sides

	Systems / Processes	Appreciation	Kinds of Value
Ultimate	Aspiration; Religion	Trustworthy; Sacred	Ultimate
Ethical	Family life	Endearing; Loved	Ultimate Surface Care
Jural	Legislation	Equitable; Fair	Bequest
Economic	Economy	Efficient; Sustainable	Option
Social	Society	Sociable, Welcoming	Relational
Symbolic	Language	Informative, Significant	Symbolic
Aesthetic	Fashion	Beautiful, Appealing	Wilderness
Formative	Development; Education	Progressive; Developed	Historic
Analytic	Computation	Distinctive; Diverse	Scientific
Sensory	Mental health	Comfortable, Fun	Sentimental Use Protective
Biotic	Ecosystem; Biosphere	Health-giving	Use
Physical	Hydrology; Climate	Safe; Stable	Protective \$\frac{1}{2}\$
Physical	Hydrology; Climate	Safe; Stable	Protective

(systems mapping)

values

## Taking it further...

- 1. Identify scenarios and stakeholder impacts for each
- 2. Assess stakeholder's summary vote (for/against)
- 3. Integrate expert insight:
  - 1. system mapping of processes
  - 2. scientific / connoisseur values
- 4. Multicriterion analysis:
  - 1. Pareto efficiency
  - 2. Kaldor–Hicks efficiency

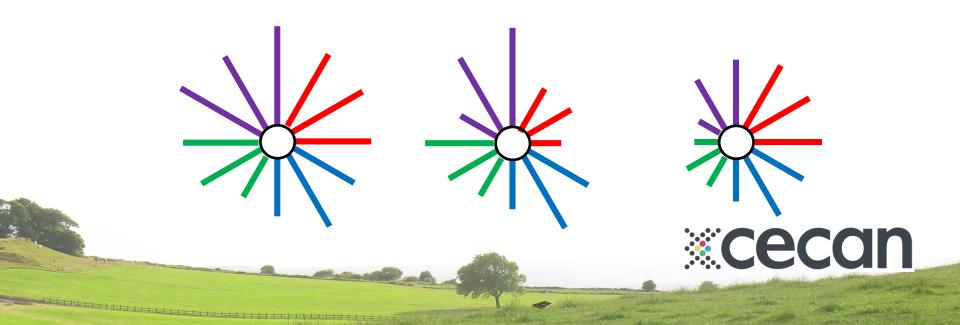
The PEF doesn't give an ultimate recommendation.

Decisions will always call for judgment: the art of governance!



## Next steps for...

- Policy design, appraisal & impact assessment: compare outcomes under scenarios. Modify plans to maximise likelihood of win—win scenarios...
- 2. Monitoring: use to systematically account for unintended effects as well as objectives
- 3. Evaluation: specify evaluation criteria under the PEF aspects



## Textual analysis of 25-Year Environment Plan



A Green Future: Our 25 Year Plan to Improve the Environment



a preliminary attempt...

- 1. Tally of value-laden words and 2-word phrases
- 2. Group by aspect



commitment trust certainty confidence vision illegal future-generations ban regulatory crime waste-crime



sustainable waste value investment management economic service economy clean-

growth efficient priorities incentive invest prosperity choice resource-efficiency livelihood economic-growth residual-waste cost-effective valuable stewardship sustainable-use economically economic benefits green finance commodities unsustainable generate-revenue green-business innovative-funding welfare resource-productivity sustainable-management water-efficiency disadvantaged

- encourage partnership social society accountability multilateral respect
- litter wellbeing natural-beauty beauty recreation litterstrategy attractive beautiful
- Pdevelop strategy progress heritage innovative

manage initiative woodland-creation natural-heritage cultural-heritage

heritage-assets international-leadership education historic

**biodiversity understanding** knowledge diversity biologically-diverse scientific-interest diverse

Scientific-interest diverse

health natural-environment clean life soil health

disease harm biosecurity fish-stocks air-quality clean-air water-quality pest nonnative-species wild invasive-non-native tree-planting threatened species healthy-environment international-biodiversity plant-health sustainable-fisheries animal-health endangered-species harmful-chemicals health-services healthier-environment tree-health

pollution climate-change flood-management air-pollution coastal-erosion flood-risk reducing-pollution sustainable-drainage carbon sequestration



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